

函数展开成傅里叶级数

1. $f(x)$ 是周期为 2π 的周期函数.

$$f(x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos nx + b_n \sin nx.$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{aligned} a_0 &= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) dx \\ a_n &= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx \\ b_n &= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx \end{aligned}$$

推导过程: $f(x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos nx + b_n \sin nx$ (级数收敛)

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{1} \text{ 两边积分 } \Rightarrow \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) dx &= \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{a_0}{2} dx + \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos nx + b_n \sin nx \\ &= \frac{a_0}{2} x \Big|_{-\pi}^{\pi} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} a_n \cos nx dx + \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} b_n \sin nx dx \\ &= \pi \cdot a_0 + 0 \\ &= \pi a_0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad a_0 = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) dx \end{aligned}$$

$\textcircled{2}$ 两边乘以 $\cos nx$ 再积分

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx &= \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{a_0}{2} \cdot \cos nx dx + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} a_k \cos kx \cdot \cos nx dx \\ &\quad + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} b_k \sin kx \cos nx dx \\ &= 0 + \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} a_n \cos^2 nx dx + 0 \\ &= a_n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{1 + \cos(2nx)}{2} dx \\ &= a_n \cdot \frac{1}{2} \left(x + \frac{1}{2n} \sin(2nx) \right) \Big|_{-\pi}^{\pi} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \pi a_n \Rightarrow a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx \, dx$$

③ 两边乘以 $\sin nx$ 再积为

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx \, dx &= \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} b_n \sin^2 nx \, dx \\ &= b_n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{1 - \cos(2nx)}{2} \, dx \\ &= b_n \frac{1}{2} \left(x - \frac{1}{2n} \sin 2nx \right) \Big|_{-\pi}^{\pi} \\ &= \pi b_n \Rightarrow b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx \, dx \end{aligned}$$

2. 定理: $f(x)$ 是周期为 2π 的函数, 若

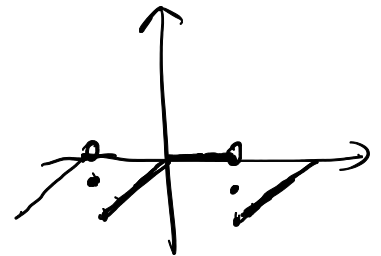
① 在一个周期内连续或只有有限个第一类间断点 (左右存在)

② 在一个周期内有有限个极值点

\Rightarrow x 是连续点时 $\frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos nx + b_n \sin nx$ 收敛到 $f(x)$
 x 是间断点时, 级数收敛到 $\frac{1}{2}(f(x^+) + f(x^-))$

例1. 设 $f(x)$ 是周期为 2π 的函数, 在 $[-\pi, \pi]$,

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x & -\pi \leq x < 0 \\ 0 & 0 \leq x < \pi \end{cases}$$



$$\begin{aligned} \text{解: } a_0 &= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \, dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^0 x \, dx + \int_0^{\pi} 0 \, dx \\ &= \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{1}{2} x^2 \Big|_{-\pi}^0 = -\frac{\pi}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a_n &= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx \, dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^0 x \cos nx \, dx + 0 \\ &= \frac{1}{\pi} \cdot \left[\frac{1}{n} x \sin nx - \frac{1}{n} \int_{-\pi}^0 \sin nx \, dx \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{1}{\pi} \left[\frac{1}{n} \alpha \sin nx + \frac{1}{n^2} \cos nx \right]_{-\pi}^0 \\
 &= \frac{1}{\pi} \cdot \frac{1}{n^2} - \frac{1}{\pi n^2} \cos(-n\pi) = \frac{1}{\pi n^2} (1 - (-1)^n) = \begin{cases} \frac{2}{\pi n^2} & n = 2m+1 \\ 0 & n = 2m \end{cases}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx \, dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^0 x \sin nx \, dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left[-\frac{1}{n} x \cos nx + \frac{1}{n} \int_{-\pi}^0 \cos nx \, dx \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left[-\frac{1}{n} x \cos nx + \frac{1}{n^2} \sin nx \right]_{-\pi}^0$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi n} (-\pi \cos(-n\pi)) = -\frac{(-1)^n}{n} = \begin{cases} -\frac{1}{n} & n = 2m \\ +\frac{1}{n} & n = 2m+1 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow f(x) = -\frac{\pi}{4} + \left(\frac{2}{\pi} \cos x + \sin x \right) - \frac{1}{2} \sin 2x + \left(\frac{1}{9\pi} \cos 3x + \frac{1}{3} \sin 3x \right) + \dots$$

$$= -\frac{\pi}{4} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n \cos nx + b_n \sin nx)$$