

复合函数的求导法则

练习

1. 求下列函数的导数:

a) $f(x) = e^{\csc(x)}$

b) $f(x) = \tan(\sin(x))$

c) $f(x) = \sec(\ln(x))$

d) $f(x) = \csc(\tan(x))$

e) $f(x) = \tan(e^x)$

f) $f(x) = \cot(\sec(x))$

g) $f(x) = \operatorname{arccot}(\arcsin(x))$

h) $f(x) = \arcsin(\arctan(x))$

i) $f(x) = \arccos(e^x)$

j) $f(x) = \ln(\operatorname{arcsec}(x))$

k) $f(x) = \arctan(\operatorname{arccsc}(x))$

l) $f(x) = \operatorname{arccsc}(\arccos(x))$

m) $f(x) = \operatorname{arcsec}(x^3)$

n) $f(x) = \arcsin(\sec(x))$

o) $f(x) = \operatorname{arccsc}(\arccos(x))$

p) $f(x) = \cot(e^x)$

q) $f(x) = e^{\operatorname{arccot}(x)}$

r) $f(x) = \tan(\cot(x))$

2. 求下列函数的导数:

a) $f(x) = \csc(\ln(\ln(x)))$

b) $f(x) = \sec(\sin(\sec(x)))$

c) $f(x) = \sqrt{\csc(\tan(x))}$

d) $f(x) = e^{\tan(\tan(x))}$

e) $f(x) = \arccos(\ln(\arctan(x)))$

f) $f(x) = \operatorname{arcsec}(\arctan(e^x))$

g) $f(x) = \operatorname{arccsc}(\operatorname{arccot}^2(x))$

h) $f(x) = \operatorname{arcsec}^2(\arccos(x))$

i) $f(x) = \sqrt{1 - \sec^2(x)}$

j) $f(x) = \ln(\cos(\ln(x)))$

k) $f(x) = \cos(\csc(\cos(x)))$

l) $f(x) = \csc(\cot(\sin(x)))$

3. 求下列函数的导数:

a) $f(x) = e^{e^x + \tan(x)}$

b) $f(x) = \operatorname{arccot}(\cos(x) + \arcsin(x))$

c) $f(x) = \ln(e^x + \arcsin(x))$

d) $f(x) = \sqrt{\cot(x) + \arcsin(x)}$

e) $f(x) = \cot(\arccos(x) + \arcsin(x))$

f) $f(x) = \tan(2 \sin(x))$

g) $f(x) = \tan(\sqrt{x} \arccos(x))$

h) $f(x) = \ln(\ln(x)^2)$

i) $f(x) = \arctan(\sqrt{x} \arccos(x))$

j) $f(x) = \arccos(\sin(x) \cot(x))$

k) $f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{\arccos(x)}{\operatorname{arccot}(x)}}$

l) $f(x) = \arcsin(\sqrt{x}e^{-x})$

m) $f(x) = \arccos(e^{-x} \arccos(x))$

n) $f(x) = \sin\left(\frac{\cos(x)}{\operatorname{arccot}(x)}\right)$

4. 求下列函数的导数:

a) $f(x) = \arcsin(\sqrt{\tan(x)} + \arccos(x))$

b) $f(x) = \cos(\ln(x) + \arcsin(e^x))$

c) $f(x) = \ln \left(\sqrt{1-x^2} + \arctan(x) \right)$

d) $f(x) = \sin \left(\cos(x) + \arcsin(\operatorname{arccot}(x)) \right)$

e) $f(x) = e^{e^x + \cot(\sin(x))}$

f) $f(x) = \arccos \left(\tan(x) + \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} \right)$

g) $f(x) = \arccos \left(\sqrt[4]{x} \arccos(x) \right)$

h) $f(x) = \arcsin \left(e^{\operatorname{arccot}(x)} \arccos(x) \right)$

i) $f(x) = \tan \left(e^{\cot(x)} \tan(x) \right)$

j) $f(x) = \cos \left(\frac{\operatorname{arccot}(x)}{x} \right)$

答案

1. a) $f'(x) = -e^{\csc(x)} \cot(x) \csc(x)$ b) $f'(x) = (\tan^2(\sin(x)) + 1) \cos(x)$
 c) $f'(x) = \frac{\tan(\ln(x)) \sec(\ln(x))}{x}$ d) $f'(x) = -(\tan^2(x) + 1) \cot(\tan(x)) \csc(\tan(x))$
 e) $f'(x) = (\tan^2(e^x) + 1) e^x$ f) $f'(x) = (-\cot^2(\sec(x)) - 1) \tan(x) \sec(x)$
 g) $f'(x) = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2} (\arcsin^2(x) + 1)}$ h) $f'(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\arctan^2(x)} (x^2 + 1)}$
 i) $f'(x) = -\frac{e^x}{\sqrt{1-e^{2x}}}$ j) $f'(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{x^2} \operatorname{arcsec}(x)}}$
 k) $f'(x) = -\frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{x^2} (\operatorname{arccsc}^2(x) + 1)}}$ l) $f'(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2} \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{\arccos^2(x)} \arccos^2(x)}}$
 m) $f'(x) = \frac{3}{x^4 \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{x^6}}}$ n) $f'(x) = \frac{\tan(x) \sec(x)}{\sqrt{1-\sec^2(x)}}$
 o) $f'(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2} \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{\arccos^2(x)} \arccos^2(x)}}$ p) $f'(x) = (-\cot^2(e^x) - 1) e^x$
 q) $f'(x) = -\frac{e^{\operatorname{arccot}(x)}}{x^2 + 1}$ r) $f'(x) = (\tan^2(\cot(x)) + 1) (-\cot^2(x) - 1)$
2. a) $f'(x) = -\frac{\cot(\ln(\ln(x))) \csc(\ln(\ln(x)))}{x \ln(x)}$
 b) $f'(x) = \cos(\sec(x)) \tan(x) \tan(\sin(\sec(x))) \sec(x) \sec(\sin(\sec(x)))$
 c) $f'(x) = -\frac{(\tan^2(x) + 1) \cot(\tan(x)) \sqrt{\csc(\tan(x))}}{2}$
 d) $f'(x) = (\tan^2(x) + 1) (\tan^2(\tan(x)) + 1) e^{\tan(\tan(x))}$
 e) $f'(x) = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\ln(\arctan(x))^2} (x^2 + 1) \arctan(x)}$
 f) $f'(x) = \frac{e^x}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{\arctan^2(e^x)} (e^{2x} + 1) \arctan^2(e^x)}}$
 g) $f'(x) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{\operatorname{arccot}^4(x)} (x^2 + 1) \operatorname{arccot}^3(x)}}$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{h) } f'(x) &= -\frac{2 \operatorname{arcsec}(\arccos(x))}{\sqrt{1-x^2} \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{\arccos^2(x)}} \arccos^2(x)} \\ \text{i) } f'(x) &= -\frac{\tan(x) \sec^2(x)}{\sqrt{1-\sec^2(x)}} \\ \text{j) } f'(x) &= -\frac{\sin(\ln(x))}{x \cos(\ln(x))} \\ \text{k) } f'(x) &= -\sin(x) \sin(\csc(\cos(x))) \cot(\cos(x)) \csc(\cos(x)) \\ \text{l) } f'(x) &= -(-\cot^2(\sin(x)) - 1) \cos(x) \cot(\cot(\sin(x))) \csc(\cot(\sin(x))) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3. \quad \text{a) } f'(x) &= (e^x + \tan^2(x) + 1) e^{e^x + \tan(x)} \\ \text{b) } f'(x) &= -\frac{-\sin(x) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}}{(\cos(x) + \arcsin(x))^2 + 1} \\ \text{c) } f'(x) &= \frac{e^x + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}}{e^x + \arcsin(x)} \\ \text{d) } f'(x) &= \frac{-\frac{\cot^2(x)}{2} - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1-x^2}}}{\sqrt{\cot(x) + \arcsin(x)}} \\ \text{e) } f'(x) &= 0 \\ \text{f) } f'(x) &= 2(\tan^2(2\sin(x)) + 1) \cos(x) \\ \text{g) } f'(x) &= \left(-\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} + \frac{\arccos(x)}{2\sqrt{x}}\right) (\tan^2(\sqrt{x} \arccos(x)) + 1) \\ \text{h) } f'(x) &= \frac{2}{x \ln(x)} \\ \text{i) } f'(x) &= \frac{-\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} + \frac{\arccos(x)}{2\sqrt{x}}}{x \arccos^2(x) + 1} \\ \text{j) } f'(x) &= -\frac{(-\cot^2(x) - 1) \sin(x) + \cos(x) \cot(x)}{\sqrt{-\sin^2(x) \cot^2(x) + 1}} \\ \text{k) } f'(x) &= \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\arccos(x)}{\operatorname{arccot}(x)}} \left(\frac{\arccos(x)}{2(x^2+1) \operatorname{arccot}^2(x)} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1-x^2} \operatorname{arccot}(x)}\right) \operatorname{arccot}(x)}{\arccos(x)} \\ \text{l) } f'(x) &= \frac{-\sqrt{x}e^{-x} + \frac{e^{-x}}{2\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{-xe^{-2x} + 1}} \\ \text{m) } f'(x) &= -\frac{-e^{-x} \arccos(x) - \frac{e^{-x}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}}{\sqrt{1 - e^{-2x} \arccos^2(x)}} \\ \text{n) } f'(x) &= \left(-\frac{\sin(x)}{\operatorname{arccot}(x)} + \frac{\cos(x)}{(x^2+1) \operatorname{arccot}^2(x)}\right) \cos\left(\frac{\cos(x)}{\operatorname{arccot}(x)}\right) \end{aligned}$$

- 4.
- a) $f'(x) = \frac{\frac{\tan^2(x)+1}{2} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\sqrt{\tan(x)} + \arccos(x)\right)^2}}$
- b) $f'(x) = -\left(\frac{e^x}{\sqrt{1-e^{2x}}} + \frac{1}{x}\right) \sin(\ln(x) + \arcsin(e^x))$
- c) $f'(x) = \frac{-\frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} + \frac{1}{x^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-x^2} + \arctan(x)}$
- d) $f'(x) = \left(-\sin(x) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\operatorname{arccot}^2(x)}(x^2+1)}\right) \cos(\cos(x) + \arcsin(\operatorname{arccot}(x)))$
- e) $f'(x) = ((-\cot^2(\sin(x)) - 1) \cos(x) + e^x) e^{e^x + \cot(\sin(x))}$
- f) $f'(x) = -\frac{\tan^2(x) + 1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x^2}}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\tan(x) + \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x}\right)^2}}$
- g) $f'(x) = -\frac{-\frac{\sqrt[4]{x}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} + \frac{\arccos(x)}{4x^{\frac{3}{4}}}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{x} \arccos^2(x) + 1}}$
- h) $f'(x) = \frac{-\frac{e^{\operatorname{arccot}(x)} \arccos(x)}{x^2+1} - \frac{e^{\operatorname{arccot}(x)}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}}{\sqrt{-e^{2\operatorname{arccot}(x)} \arccos^2(x) + 1}}$
- i) $f'(x) = ((\tan^2(x) + 1) e^{\cot(x)} + (-\cot^2(x) - 1) e^{\cot(x)} \tan(x)) (\tan^2(e^{\cot(x)} \tan(x)) + 1)$
- j) $f'(x) = -\left(-\frac{1}{x(x^2+1)} - \frac{\operatorname{arccot}(x)}{x^2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{\operatorname{arccot}(x)}{x}\right)$