

复合函数的求导法则

练习

1. 求下列函数的导数:

a) $f(x) = e^{\csc(x)}$

b) $f(x) = \ln(\tan(x))$

c) $f(x) = \tan(\sin(x))$

d) $f(x) = \sqrt{\sin(x)}$

e) $f(x) = \sqrt{\cos(x)}$

f) $f(x) = \sin(\sin(x))$

g) $f(x) = \arcsin(\arccos(x))$

h) $f(x) = \operatorname{arccsc}(\arccos(x))$

i) $f(x) = \arcsin(\operatorname{arccot}(x))$

j) $f(x) = \operatorname{arccsc}(\operatorname{arcsec}(x))$

k) $f(x) = \arcsin(\arcsin(x))$

l) $f(x) = \arcsin^2(x)$

m) $f(x) = \operatorname{arccsc}(x^3)$

n) $f(x) = \cos(\csc(x))$

o) $f(x) = \arccos(\cot(x))$

p) $f(x) = \operatorname{arccot}(\arctan(x))$

q) $f(x) = \cos(x^3)$

r) $f(x) = \cos(\tan(x))$

2. 求下列函数的导数:

a) $f(x) = \sec(\sin(\sin(x)))$

b) $f(x) = e^{\sin(\cos(x))}$

c) $f(x) = \cos(\cos(\tan(x)))$

d) $f(x) = \tan(\csc(\ln(x)))$

e) $f(x) = \operatorname{arccot}(\operatorname{arccos}(\operatorname{arccos}(x)))$

f) $f(x) = \operatorname{arccot}(\operatorname{arccos}(\operatorname{arcsin}(x)))$

g) $f(x) = \arctan^2(\operatorname{arcsec}(x))$

h) $f(x) = \operatorname{arcsin}(x)$

i) $f(x) = \cot\left(x\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x^2}}\right)$

j) $f(x) = \ln(\arctan(\cot(x)))$

k) $f(x) = \operatorname{arccsc}(\ln(x^3))$

l) $f(x) = \cot(\sec(x^3))$

3. 求下列函数的导数:

a) $f(x) = \ln(e^x + \cot(x))$

b) $f(x) = \sin(\sqrt{x} + \sin(x))$

c) $f(x) = \sqrt{\operatorname{arccos}(x) + \arctan(x)}$

d) $f(x) = \cot(\ln(x) + \cot(x))$

e) $f(x) = \arctan(\operatorname{arccot}(x) + \arcsin(x))$

f) $f(x) = \cos(\tan(x) + \cot(x))$

g) $f(x) = e^{\ln(x) \tan(x)}$

h) $f(x) = \cos(\tan(x) \arctan(x))$

i) $f(x) = \tan(e^x \tan(x))$

j) $f(x) = \sin(\tan(x) \operatorname{arccot}(x))$

k) $f(x) = \cos\left(\frac{\sin(x)}{\arccos(x)}\right)$

l) $f(x) = \tan\left(\frac{\ln(x)}{\arcsin(x)}\right)$

m) $f(x) = \operatorname{arccot}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\cos(x)}\right)$

n) $f(x) = \cot\left(\frac{\cot(x)}{\arccos(x)}\right)$

4. 求下列函数的导数:

a) $f(x) = e^{\cos(x)} \arccos(x)$

b) $f(x) = \arcsin\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} + \arccos(x)\right)$

c) $f(x) = \sqrt{\sin(\sqrt{x}) + \sin(x)}$

d) $f(x) = \ln(e^x + \cos(e^x))$

e) $f(x) = \sin(\sqrt{\arcsin(x)} + \arcsin(x))$

f) $f(x) = e^{\arctan(x) + \arctan(\ln(x))}$

g) $f(x) = \arccos(\ln(\ln(x)) \sin(x))$

h) $f(x) = \sin(\arcsin(\cos(x)) \arctan(x))$

i) $f(x) = \arccos(\sqrt{x} \arccos(\tan(x)))$

j) $f(x) = \cos(\sin(x) \operatorname{arccot}(\sqrt{x}))$

答案

- 1.
- a) $f'(x) = -e^{\csc(x)} \cot(x) \csc(x)$
- b) $f'(x) = \frac{\tan^2(x) + 1}{\tan(x)}$
- c) $f'(x) = (\tan^2(\sin(x)) + 1) \cos(x)$
- d) $f'(x) = \frac{\cos(x)}{2\sqrt{\sin(x)}}$
- e) $f'(x) = -\frac{\sin(x)}{2\sqrt{\cos(x)}}$
- f) $f'(x) = \cos(x) \cos(\sin(x))$
- g) $f'(x) = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}\sqrt{1-\arccos^2(x)}}$
- h) $f'(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{\arccos^2(x)}\arccos^2(x)}}$
- i) $f'(x) = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\operatorname{arccot}^2(x)}(x^2+1)}$
- j) $f'(x) = -\frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{x^2}}\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{\operatorname{arcsec}^2(x)}\operatorname{arcsec}^2(x)}}$
- k) $f'(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}\sqrt{1-\arcsin^2(x)}}$
- l) $f'(x) = \frac{2\arcsin(x)}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$
- m) $f'(x) = -\frac{3}{x^4\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{x^6}}}$
- n) $f'(x) = \sin(\csc(x)) \cot(x) \csc(x)$
- o) $f'(x) = -\frac{-\cot^2(x) - 1}{\sqrt{1-\cot^2(x)}}$
- p) $f'(x) = -\frac{1}{(x^2+1)(\arctan^2(x)+1)}$
- q) $f'(x) = -3x^2 \sin(x^3)$
- r) $f'(x) = -(\tan^2(x) + 1) \sin(\tan(x))$
- 2.
- a) $f'(x) = \cos(x) \cos(\sin(x)) \tan(\sin(\sin(x))) \sec(\sin(\sin(x)))$
- b) $f'(x) = -e^{\sin(\cos(x))} \sin(x) \cos(\cos(x))$
- c) $f'(x) = (\tan^2(x) + 1) \sin(\cos(\tan(x))) \sin(\tan(x))$
- d) $f'(x) = -\frac{(\tan^2(\csc(\ln(x))) + 1) \cot(\ln(x)) \csc(\ln(x))}{x}$
- e) $f'(x) = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}\sqrt{1-\arccos^2(x)}(\arccos^2(\arccos(x)) + 1)}$
- f) $f'(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}\sqrt{1-\arcsin^2(x)}(\arccos^2(\arcsin(x)) + 1)}$
- g) $f'(x) = \frac{2\arctan(\operatorname{arcsec}(x))}{x^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{x^2}}(\operatorname{arcsec}^2(x) + 1)}$

$$\text{h) } f'(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$$

$$\text{i) } f'(x) = \left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x^2}} - \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x^2}}} \right) \left(-\cot^2 \left(x \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x^2}} \right) - 1 \right)$$

$$\text{j) } f'(x) = \frac{-\cot^2(x) - 1}{(\cot^2(x) + 1) \arctan(\cot(x))}$$

$$\text{k) } f'(x) = -\frac{3}{x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{\ln(x^3)^2}} \ln(x^3)^2}$$

$$\text{l) } f'(x) = 3x^2 (-\cot^2(\sec(x^3)) - 1) \tan(x^3) \sec(x^3)$$

$$3. \text{ a) } f'(x) = \frac{e^x - \cot^2(x) - 1}{e^x + \cot(x)}$$

$$\text{b) } f'(x) = \left(\cos(x) + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} \right) \cos(\sqrt{x} + \sin(x))$$

$$\text{c) } f'(x) = \frac{\frac{1}{2(x^2+1)} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1-x^2}}}{\sqrt{\arccos(x) + \arctan(x)}}$$

$$\text{d) } f'(x) = (-\cot^2(\ln(x) + \cot(x)) - 1) \left(-\cot^2(x) - 1 + \frac{1}{x} \right)$$

$$\text{e) } f'(x) = \frac{-\frac{1}{x^2+1} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}}{(\operatorname{arccot}(x) + \arcsin(x))^2 + 1}$$

$$\text{f) } f'(x) = -(\tan^2(x) - \cot^2(x)) \sin(\tan(x) + \cot(x))$$

$$\text{g) } f'(x) = \left((\tan^2(x) + 1) \ln(x) + \frac{\tan(x)}{x} \right) e^{\ln(x) \tan(x)}$$

$$\text{h) } f'(x) = -\left((\tan^2(x) + 1) \arctan(x) + \frac{\tan(x)}{x^2 + 1} \right) \sin(\tan(x) \arctan(x))$$

$$\text{i) } f'(x) = ((\tan^2(x) + 1) e^x + e^x \tan(x)) (\tan^2(e^x \tan(x)) + 1)$$

$$\text{j) } f'(x) = \left((\tan^2(x) + 1) \operatorname{arccot}(x) - \frac{\tan(x)}{x^2 + 1} \right) \cos(\tan(x) \operatorname{arccot}(x))$$

$$\text{k) } f'(x) = -\left(\frac{\cos(x)}{\arccos(x)} + \frac{\sin(x)}{\sqrt{1-x^2} \arccos^2(x)} \right) \sin\left(\frac{\sin(x)}{\arccos(x)} \right)$$

$$\text{l) } f'(x) = \left(-\frac{\ln(x)}{\sqrt{1-x^2} \arcsin^2(x)} + \frac{1}{x \arcsin(x)} \right) \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{\ln(x)}{\arcsin(x)} \right) + 1 \right)$$

$$\text{m) } f'(x) = -\frac{\frac{\sqrt{x} \sin(x)}{\cos^2(x)} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x} \cos(x)}}{\frac{x}{\cos^2(x)} + 1}$$

$$\text{n) } f'(x) = \left(\frac{-\cot^2(x) - 1}{\arccos(x)} + \frac{\cot(x)}{\sqrt{1-x^2} \arccos^2(x)} \right) \left(-\cot^2\left(\frac{\cot(x)}{\arccos(x)}\right) - 1 \right)$$

4.

$$\text{a) } f'(x) = -e^{\cos(x)} \sin(x) \arccos(x) - \frac{e^{\cos(x)}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$$

$$\text{b) } f'(x) = \frac{-\frac{x^2}{(x^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} + \arccos(x)\right)^2}}$$

$$\text{c) } f'(x) = \frac{\frac{\cos(x)}{2} + \frac{\cos(\sqrt{x})}{4\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{\sin(\sqrt{x}) + \sin(x)}}$$

$$\text{d) } f'(x) = \frac{-e^x \sin(e^x) + e^x}{e^x + \cos(e^x)}$$

$$\text{e) } f'(x) = \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1-x^2} \sqrt{\arcsin(x)}} \right) \cos\left(\sqrt{\arcsin(x)} + \arcsin(x)\right)$$

$$\text{f) } f'(x) = \left(\frac{1}{x^2+1} + \frac{1}{x(\ln(x)^2+1)} \right) e^{\arctan(x)+\arctan(\ln(x))}$$

$$\text{g) } f'(x) = -\frac{\ln(\ln(x)) \cos(x) + \frac{\sin(x)}{x \ln(x)}}{\sqrt{-\ln(\ln(x))^2 \sin^2(x) + 1}}$$

$$\text{h) } f'(x) = \left(\frac{\arcsin(\cos(x))}{x^2+1} - \frac{\sin(x) \arctan(x)}{\sqrt{1-\cos^2(x)}} \right) \cos(\arcsin(\cos(x)) \arctan(x))$$

$$\text{i) } f'(x) = -\frac{-\frac{\sqrt{x}(\tan^2(x)+1)}{\sqrt{1-\tan^2(x)}} + \frac{\arccos(\tan(x))}{2\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{-x \arccos^2(\tan(x)) + 1}}$$

$$\text{j) } f'(x) = -\left(\cos(x) \operatorname{arccot}(\sqrt{x}) - \frac{\sin(x)}{2\sqrt{x}(x+1)} \right) \sin(\sin(x) \operatorname{arccot}(\sqrt{x}))$$