

## 复合函数的求导法则

### 练习

1. 求下列函数的导数:

a)  $f(x) = \sqrt{\ln(x)}$

b)  $f(x) = \ln(e^x)$

c)  $f(x) = \sqrt{\sec(x)}$

d)  $f(x) = e^{\cos(x)}$

e)  $f(x) = \ln(\sqrt{x})$

f)  $f(x) = \csc(\cot(x))$

g)  $f(x) = e^{x^2}$

h)  $f(x) = \arccos(\arccos(x))$

i)  $f(x) = \arcsin(\operatorname{arcsec}(x))$

j)  $f(x) = \arcsin(\arctan(x))$

k)  $f(x) = \operatorname{arccsc}(\arcsin(x))$

l)  $f(x) = \arccos(e^x)$

m)  $f(x) = \tan(\cos(x))$

n)  $f(x) = e^{3x}$

o)  $f(x) = \sec(\csc(x))$

p)  $f(x) = \sin^3(x)$

q)  $f(x) = \ln(x)^3$

r)  $f(x) = \sin(x^3)$

2. 求下列函数的导数:

a)  $f(x) = \sqrt{\csc(\cot(x))}$

b)  $f(x) = \cot(\csc(\csc(x)))$

c)  $f(x) = \cot(\tan(\sec(x)))$

d)  $f(x) = \tan(\sqrt{\sin(x)})$

e)  $f(x) = \ln(\operatorname{arccot}(\operatorname{arccsc}(x)))$

f)  $f(x) = e^{2\arccos(x)}$

g)  $f(x) = \operatorname{arcsec}(\arctan(\arccos(x)))$

h)  $f(x) = \arctan^2(\operatorname{arccsc}(x))$

i)  $f(x) = \sec(\csc(\csc(x)))$

j)  $f(x) = \operatorname{arccot}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}}{x}\right)$

k)  $f(x) = \cos(e^{\arccos(x)})$

l)  $f(x) = \tan(\csc(\sin(x)))$

3. 求下列函数的导数:

a)  $f(x) = e^{\sin(x)+\arctan(x)}$

b)  $f(x) = \tan(e^x + \arccos(x))$

c)  $f(x) = \operatorname{arccot}(\sqrt{x} + \arcsin(x))$

d)  $f(x) = \ln(\sqrt{x} + \cot(x))$

e)  $f(x) = \sin(e^x + \cot(x))$

f)  $f(x) = \operatorname{arccot}(\cos(x) + \operatorname{arccot}(x))$

g)  $f(x) = \cot(\ln(x) \tan(x))$

h)  $f(x) = \cos(e^x \operatorname{arccot}(x))$

i)  $f(x) = \cos(\sqrt{x} \cos(x))$

j)  $f(x) = \tan(\ln(x) \sin(x))$

k)  $f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)}}$

l)  $f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{\cos(x)}{\sqrt{x}}}$

m)  $f(x) = \arcsin\left(\frac{\cot(x)}{\sqrt{x}}\right)$

n)  $f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{\arcsin(x)}{\tan(x)}}$

4. 求下列函数的导数:

a)  $f(x) = \cos(\cos(x) + \tan(\sqrt{x}))$

b)  $f(x) = \arcsin\left(\cot(x) + \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x}\right)$

c)  $f(x) = \cot \left( \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} + \arccos(x) \right)$

d)  $f(x) = \cos \left( \operatorname{arccot}(x) + \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} \right)$

e)  $f(x) = \sin \left( e^{\sqrt{x}} + \tan(x) \right)$

f)  $f(x) = \arccos(\sin(\ln(x)) + \arccos(x))$

g)  $f(x) = \cos(\sqrt{x} \operatorname{arccot}(\arcsin(x)))$

h)  $f(x) = \arcsin(\cot(\sin(x)) \arctan(x))$

i)  $f(x) = \tan(\sin(\ln(x)) \arctan(x))$

j)  $f(x) = \arctan(\arcsin(x) \arctan(\arcsin(x)))$

## 答案

- 1.
- a)  $f'(x) = \frac{1}{2x\sqrt{\ln(x)}}$       b)  $f'(x) = 1$
- c)  $f'(x) = \frac{\tan(x)\sqrt{\sec(x)}}{2}$       d)  $f'(x) = -e^{\cos(x)} \sin(x)$
- e)  $f'(x) = \frac{1}{2x}$       f)  $f'(x) = -(-\cot^2(x) - 1) \cot(\cot(x)) \csc(\cot(x))$
- g)  $f'(x) = 2xe^{x^2}$       h)  $f'(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}\sqrt{1-\arccos^2(x)}}$
- i)  $f'(x) = \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{x^2}}\sqrt{1-\operatorname{arcsec}^2(x)}}$       j)  $f'(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\arctan^2(x)}(x^2+1)}$
- k)  $f'(x) = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{\arcsin^2(x)}\arcsin^2(x)}}$       l)  $f'(x) = -\frac{e^x}{\sqrt{1-e^{2x}}}$
- m)  $f'(x) = -(\tan^2(\cos(x)) + 1) \sin(x)$       n)  $f'(x) = 3e^{3x}$
- o)  $f'(x) = -\tan(\csc(x)) \cot(x) \csc(x) \sec(\csc(x))$       p)  $f'(x) = 3\sin^2(x) \cos(x)$
- q)  $f'(x) = \frac{3\ln(x)^2}{x}$       r)  $f'(x) = 3x^2 \cos(x^3)$
- 2.
- a)  $f'(x) = -\frac{(-\cot^2(x) - 1) \cot(\cot(x))\sqrt{\csc(\cot(x))}}{2}$
- b)  $f'(x) = (-\cot^2(\csc(\csc(x))) - 1) \cot(x) \cot(\csc(x)) \csc(x) \csc(\csc(x))$
- c)  $f'(x) = (\tan^2(\sec(x)) + 1) (-\cot^2(\tan(\sec(x))) - 1) \tan(x) \sec(x)$
- d)  $f'(x) = \frac{(\tan^2(\sqrt{\sin(x)}) + 1) \cos(x)}{2\sqrt{\sin(x)}}$
- e)  $f'(x) = \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{x^2}}(\operatorname{arccsc}^2(x) + 1) \operatorname{arccot}(\operatorname{arccsc}(x))}$
- f)  $f'(x) = -\frac{2e^{2\arccos(x)}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$
- g)  $f'(x) = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{\arctan^2(\arccos(x))}}(\arccos^2(x) + 1) \arctan^2(\arccos(x))}$

$$\text{h) } f'(x) = -\frac{2 \arctan(\operatorname{arccsc}(x))}{x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{x^2} (\operatorname{arccsc}^2(x) + 1)}}$$

$$\text{i) } f'(x) = \tan(\csc(\csc(x))) \cot(x) \cot(\csc(x)) \csc(x) \csc(\csc(x)) \sec(\csc(\csc(x)))$$

$$\text{j) } f'(x) = -\frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}}{x^2}}{1 + \frac{x^2+1}{x^2}}$$

$$\text{k) } f'(x) = \frac{e^{\arccos(x)} \sin(e^{\arccos(x)})}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$$

$$\text{l) } f'(x) = -(\tan^2(\csc(\sin(x))) + 1) \cos(x) \cot(\sin(x)) \csc(\sin(x))$$

$$3. \text{ a) } f'(x) = \left( \cos(x) + \frac{1}{x^2 + 1} \right) e^{\sin(x) + \arctan(x)}$$

$$\text{b) } f'(x) = \left( e^x - \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \right) (\tan^2(e^x + \arccos(x)) + 1)$$

$$\text{c) } f'(x) = -\frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}}{(\sqrt{x} + \arcsin(x))^2 + 1}$$

$$\text{d) } f'(x) = \frac{-\cot^2(x) - 1 + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x} + \cot(x)}$$

$$\text{e) } f'(x) = (e^x - \cot^2(x) - 1) \cos(e^x + \cot(x))$$

$$\text{f) } f'(x) = -\frac{-\sin(x) - \frac{1}{x^2+1}}{(\cos(x) + \operatorname{arccot}(x))^2 + 1}$$

$$\text{g) } f'(x) = \left( (\tan^2(x) + 1) \ln(x) + \frac{\tan(x)}{x} \right) (-\cot^2(\ln(x) \tan(x)) - 1)$$

$$\text{h) } f'(x) = -\left( e^x \operatorname{arccot}(x) - \frac{e^x}{x^2 + 1} \right) \sin(e^x \operatorname{arccot}(x))$$

$$\text{i) } f'(x) = -\left( -\sqrt{x} \sin(x) + \frac{\cos(x)}{2\sqrt{x}} \right) \sin(\sqrt{x} \cos(x))$$

$$\text{j) } f'(x) = \left( \ln(x) \cos(x) + \frac{\sin(x)}{x} \right) (\tan^2(\ln(x) \sin(x)) + 1)$$

$$\text{k) } f'(x) = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)}} \left( \frac{\sin^2(x)}{2\cos^2(x)} + \frac{1}{2} \right) \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}$$

$$\text{l) } f'(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(x)}{\sqrt{x}}} \left( -\frac{\sin(x)}{2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\cos(x)}{4x^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{\cos(x)}$$

$$\text{m) } f'(x) = \frac{\frac{-\cot^2(x)-1}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\cot(x)}{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\cot^2(x)}{x}}}$$

$$\text{n) } f'(x) = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\arcsin(x)}{\tan(x)}} \left( \frac{(-\tan^2(x)-1)\arcsin(x)}{2\tan^2(x)} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1-x^2}\tan(x)} \right) \tan(x)}{\arcsin(x)}$$

$$4. \text{ a) } f'(x) = - \left( -\sin(x) + \frac{\tan^2(\sqrt{x}) + 1}{2\sqrt{x}} \right) \sin(\cos(x) + \tan(\sqrt{x}))$$

$$\text{b) } f'(x) = \frac{-\cot^2(x) - 1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x^2}}{\sqrt{1 - \left( \cot(x) + \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} \right)^2}}$$

$$\text{c) } f'(x) = \frac{x^2 \left( -\cot^2 \left( \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} + \arccos(x) \right) - 1 \right)}{(1-x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

$$\text{d) } f'(x) = - \left( -\frac{1}{x^2+1} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x^2} \right) \sin \left( \operatorname{arccot}(x) + \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} \right)$$

$$\text{e) } f'(x) = \left( \tan^2(x) + 1 + \frac{e^{\sqrt{x}}}{2\sqrt{x}} \right) \cos \left( e^{\sqrt{x}} + \tan(x) \right)$$

$$\text{f) } f'(x) = - \frac{-\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} + \frac{\cos(\ln(x))}{x}}{\sqrt{1 - (\sin(\ln(x)) + \arccos(x))^2}}$$

$$\text{g) } f'(x) = - \left( -\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}(\arcsin^2(x) + 1)} + \frac{\operatorname{arccot}(\arcsin(x))}{2\sqrt{x}} \right) \sin(\sqrt{x} \operatorname{arccot}(\arcsin(x)))$$

$$\text{h) } f'(x) = \frac{(-\cot^2(\sin(x)) - 1) \cos(x) \arctan(x) + \frac{\cot(\sin(x))}{x^2+1}}{\sqrt{-\cot^2(\sin(x)) \arctan^2(x) + 1}}$$

$$\text{i) } f'(x) = \left( \frac{\sin(\ln(x))}{x^2+1} + \frac{\cos(\ln(x)) \arctan(x)}{x} \right) (\tan^2(\sin(\ln(x)) \arctan(x)) + 1)$$

$$\text{j) } f'(x) = \frac{\frac{\arctan(\arcsin(x))}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} + \frac{\arcsin(x)}{\sqrt{1-x^2}(\arcsin^2(x)+1)}}{\arcsin^2(x) \arctan^2(\arcsin(x)) + 1}$$