

## 复合函数的求导法则

### 练习

1. 求下列函数的导数：

a)  $f(x) = \csc(\tan(x))$

b)  $f(x) = e^{e^x}$

c)  $f(x) = \sec(\sqrt{x})$

d)  $f(x) = \sin(\csc(x))$

e)  $f(x) = \sec(\sqrt{x})$

f)  $f(x) = \sqrt{\csc(x)}$

g)  $f(x) = \arcsin(e^x)$

h)  $f(x) = \arccos(\operatorname{arccsc}(x))$

i)  $f(x) = \arcsin^2(x)$

j)  $f(x) = \ln(\operatorname{arccsc}(x))$

k)  $f(x) = \arctan^2(x)$

l)  $f(x) = \arctan(\arccos(x))$

m)  $f(x) = \csc(\cot(x))$

n)  $f(x) = \sec(x^3)$

o)  $f(x) = \ln(\arctan(x))$

p)  $f(x) = \arccos(\arcsin(x))$

q)  $f(x) = \operatorname{arcsec}^3(x)$

r)  $f(x) = \tan(\ln(x))$

2. 求下列函数的导数：

a)  $f(x) = \cos(e^{\csc(x)})$

b)  $f(x) = \cos(\sec(\sin(x)))$

c)  $f(x) = \cos(\cos(\sin(x)))$

d)  $f(x) = e^{\tan(\sqrt{x})}$

e)  $f(x) = \arcsin(\operatorname{arccot}^2(x))$

f)  $f(x) = \arctan(\ln(\arctan(x)))$

g)  $f(x) = \operatorname{arcsec}(\operatorname{arccot}(\operatorname{arccsc}(x)))$

h)  $f(x) = \operatorname{arcsec}(\operatorname{arccos}^2(x))$

i)  $f(x) = \operatorname{arccot}(\operatorname{arccsc}(\cos(x)))$

j)  $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{\operatorname{arctan}^2(x)}} \operatorname{arctan}(x)}$

k)  $f(x) = \operatorname{arccot}\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$

l)  $f(x) = \ln(x^3)^3$

3. 求下列函数的导数：

a)  $f(x) = \cot(e^x + \ln(x))$

b)  $f(x) = \operatorname{arccot}(\operatorname{arccos}(x) + \operatorname{arcsin}(x))$

c)  $f(x) = \cos(\tan(x) + \cot(x))$

d)  $f(x) = \sin(\sin(x) + \arctan(x))$

e)  $f(x) = \sqrt{\cos(x) + \tan(x)}$

f)  $f(x) = \sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sin(x)}$

g)  $f(x) = e^{\cos(x)\tan(x)}$

h)  $f(x) = \arccos(\sin(x)\arccos(x))$

i)  $f(x) = \arctan(\ln(x)\arccos(x))$

j)  $f(x) = \ln(\cot(x)\operatorname{arccot}(x))$

k)  $f(x) = \ln\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\operatorname{arccot}(x)}\right)$

l)  $f(x) = \tan\left(\frac{\arcsin(x)}{\sqrt{x}}\right)$

m)  $f(x) = \arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(x)}{\sqrt{x}}\right)$

n)  $f(x) = \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\tan(x)}\right)$

4. 求下列函数的导数：

a)  $f(x) = \ln\left(\sqrt{1-x^2} + \arcsin(x)\right)$

b)  $f(x) = \sin(\ln(e^x) + \sin(x))$

c)  $f(x) = \operatorname{arccot}(\tan(x) + \arcsin(\ln(x)))$       d)  $f(x) = \cos(\sqrt{\cos(x)} + \tan(x))$

e)  $f(x) = \ln(e^{\operatorname{arccot}(x)} + \operatorname{arccot}(x))$       f)  $f(x) = \arctan(\cot(x) + \arctan(\sin(x)))$

g)  $f(x) = \tan(\sqrt{x} \ln(\arccos(x)))$       h)  $f(x) = \tan(\sqrt{1-x^2} e^x)$

i)  $f(x) = \cos(\sqrt{x} \sin(\cos(x)))$       j)  $f(x) = \cos(\sqrt[4]{x} \cos(x))$

## 答案

- 1.
- a)  $f'(x) = -(\tan^2(x) + 1) \cot(\tan(x)) \csc(\tan(x)) f'(x) = e^x e^{e^x}$
  - c)  $f'(x) = \frac{\tan(\sqrt{x}) \sec(\sqrt{x})}{2\sqrt{x}}$
  - e)  $f'(x) = \frac{\tan(\sqrt{x}) \sec(\sqrt{x})}{2\sqrt{x}}$
  - g)  $f'(x) = \frac{e^x}{\sqrt{1 - e^{2x}}}$
  - i)  $f'(x) = \frac{2 \arcsin(x)}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}}$
  - k)  $f'(x) = \frac{2 \arctan(x)}{x^2 + 1}$
  - m)  $f'(x) = -(-\cot^2(x) - 1) \cot(\cot(x)) \csc(\cot(x)) f'(x) = 3x^2 \tan(x^3) \sec(x^3)$
  - o)  $f'(x) = \frac{1}{(x^2 + 1) \arctan(x)}$
  - q)  $f'(x) = \frac{3 \operatorname{arcsec}^2(x)}{x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{x^2}}}$
  - p)  $f'(x) = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - x^2} \sqrt{1 - \arcsin^2(x)}}$
  - r)  $f'(x) = \frac{\tan^2(\ln(x)) + 1}{x}$
- 2.
- a)  $f'(x) = e^{\csc(x)} \sin(e^{\csc(x)}) \cot(x) \csc(x)$
  - b)  $f'(x) = -\sin(\sec(\sin(x))) \cos(x) \tan(\sin(x)) \sec(\sin(x))$
  - c)  $f'(x) = \sin(\sin(x)) \sin(\cos(\sin(x))) \cos(x)$
  - d)  $f'(x) = \frac{(\tan^2(\sqrt{x}) + 1) e^{\tan(\sqrt{x})}}{2\sqrt{x}}$
  - e)  $f'(x) = -\frac{2 \operatorname{arccot}(x)}{\sqrt{1 - \operatorname{arccot}^4(x)} (x^2 + 1)}$
  - f)  $f'(x) = \frac{1}{(x^2 + 1) (\ln(\arctan(x))^2 + 1) \arctan(x)}$
  - g)  $f'(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{x^2}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{\operatorname{arccot}^2(\operatorname{arccsc}(x))}} (\operatorname{arccsc}^2(x) + 1) \operatorname{arccot}^2(\operatorname{arccsc}(x))}$

h)  $f'(x) = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{\arccos^4(x)}}\arccos^3(x)}$

i)  $f'(x) = -\frac{\sin(x)}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{\cos^2(x)}}(\operatorname{arccsc}^2(\cos(x))+1)\cos^2(x)}$

j)  $f'(x) = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{\arctan^2(x)}}(x^2+1)\arctan^2(x)} - \frac{1}{\left(1-\frac{1}{\arctan^2(x)}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x^2+1)\arctan^4(x)}$

k)  $f'(x) = \frac{1}{x^2\left(1+\frac{1}{x^2}\right)}$

l)  $f'(x) = \frac{9\ln(x^3)^2}{x}$

3. a)  $f'(x) = \left(e^x + \frac{1}{x}\right)(-\cot^2(e^x + \ln(x)) - 1)$

b)  $f'(x) = 0$

c)  $f'(x) = -(\tan^2(x) - \cot^2(x))\sin(\tan(x) + \cot(x))$

d)  $f'(x) = \left(\cos(x) + \frac{1}{x^2+1}\right)\cos(\sin(x) + \arctan(x))$

e)  $f'(x) = \frac{-\frac{\sin(x)}{2} + \frac{\tan^2(x)}{2} + \frac{1}{2}}{\sqrt{\cos(x) + \tan(x)}}$

f)  $f'(x) = \frac{\sqrt{2}\cos(x)}{2\sqrt{\sin(x)}}$

g)  $f'(x) = ((\tan^2(x) + 1)\cos(x) - \sin(x)\tan(x))e^{\cos(x)\tan(x)}$

h)  $f'(x) = -\frac{\cos(x)\arccos(x) - \frac{\sin(x)}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}}{\sqrt{-\sin^2(x)\arccos^2(x)+1}}$

i)  $f'(x) = \frac{-\frac{\ln(x)}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} + \frac{\arccos(x)}{x}}{\ln(x)^2\arccos^2(x)+1}$

j)  $f'(x) = \frac{(-\cot^2(x)-1)\operatorname{arccot}(x) - \frac{\cot(x)}{x^2+1}}{\cot(x)\operatorname{arccot}(x)}$

k)  $f'(x) = \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}}{(x^2+1)\operatorname{arccot}^2(x)} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}\operatorname{arccot}(x)}\right)\operatorname{arccot}(x)}{\sqrt{x}}$

l)  $f'(x) = \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-x^2}} - \frac{\arcsin(x)}{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) \left( \tan^2 \left( \frac{\arcsin(x)}{\sqrt{x}} \right) + 1 \right)$

m)  $f'(x) = \frac{\frac{\cos(x)}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\sin(x)}{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sin^2(x)}{x}}}$

n)  $f'(x) = \frac{\frac{\sqrt{x}(-\tan^2(x)-1)}{\tan^2(x)} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}\tan(x)}}{\frac{x}{\tan^2(x)} + 1}$

- 4.
- a)  $f'(x) = \frac{-\frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}}{\sqrt{1-x^2} + \arcsin(x)}$
- b)  $f'(x) = (\cos(x) + 1) \cos(\ln(e^x) + \sin(x))$
- c)  $f'(x) = -\frac{\tan^2(x) + 1 + \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-\ln(x)^2}}}{(\tan(x) + \arcsin(\ln(x)))^2 + 1}$
- d)  $f'(x) = -\left( -\frac{\sin(x)}{2\sqrt{\cos(x)}} + \tan^2(x) + 1 \right) \sin(\sqrt{\cos(x)} + \tan(x))$
- e)  $f'(x) = \frac{-\frac{e^{\operatorname{arccot}(x)}}{x^2+1} - \frac{1}{x^2+1}}{e^{\operatorname{arccot}(x)} + \operatorname{arccot}(x)}$
- f)  $f'(x) = \frac{-\cot^2(x) - 1 + \frac{\cos(x)}{\sin^2(x)+1}}{(\cot(x) + \arctan(\sin(x)))^2 + 1}$
- g)  $f'(x) = \left( -\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}\arccos(x)} + \frac{\ln(\arccos(x))}{2\sqrt{x}} \right) (\tan^2(\sqrt{x}\ln(\arccos(x))) + 1)$
- h)  $f'(x) = \left( -\frac{xe^x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} + \sqrt{1-x^2}e^x \right) (\tan^2(\sqrt{1-x^2}e^x) + 1)$
- i)  $f'(x) = -\left( -\sqrt{x}\sin(x)\cos(\cos(x)) + \frac{\sin(\cos(x))}{2\sqrt{x}} \right) \sin(\sqrt{x}\sin(\cos(x)))$
- j)  $f'(x) = -\left( -\sqrt[4]{x}\sin(x) + \frac{\cos(x)}{4x^{\frac{3}{4}}} \right) \sin(\sqrt[4]{x}\cos(x))$